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THE COLORED VOTE.

It may be all very well for the colored voter to divide in the South when it is to his interest to do so, but in the North it is to his interest to vote for the republican party when it is a fact that his vote will keep the republican party in power and as every sensible negro in this country knows that his salvation is in the republican party.

All that the colored man has received to day, has been, if not directly, it has been indirectly through the republican party.

President Harrison has been fair and just towards the colored American citizen. He has done everything in his power to protect the colored citizen.

Some colored men may have an idea that the democratic party will do better towards them than the republican party, but, the BEE is of the opinion that Cleveland's last administration demonstrated this to be false.

The Negroes who have been living off wheat bread and rock fish, ice cream and cake will retire to their former dishes, smoked herring and corn bread, sour milk and black ginger cake.

Instead of living in palaces, as some of you do now, huts and hovels will be too good for you.

The success and prosperity of the country is due to the republican party.

A DISTINGUISHED LADY. HONORED.

On our front page will be seen the portrait and a short sketch of Mrs. Josephine B. Bruce, the distinguished wife of Ex-Senator B. K. Bruce, who was the chairman of the committee on badges of the G. A. R.

She was also selected with Mrs. Gen. John A. Logan, at the reception given in the rotunda of the Capitol on Monday evening. She also received at the reception of the Red Cross, with Miss Clara Barton on Tuesday September 22. These are honors never conferred upon an Afro-American lady.

THE FIRST FLAG.

There is displayed at D. Scott Braddock's stand No. 33 Riggs Market the first flag carried in Virginia after war was declared in 1861. It was made and presented by the ladies of Georgetown to Captain Henry Rother who was in command of the Anderson Rifles.

How did you like the 7th New York Regiment band?

Where were the old Mistresses who refused to view the grand review of 27 years ago when the boys in blue were on their way home?

A white police officer ordered a grand army man who was standing on the corner of 6th street and Pa. avenue to move off and to move on. The man being a stranger refused to go. He was a member of the 14th Rhode Island battery and advised that officer in the name of his post not to be so impolite to guests of the city for fear he might lose some thing.

The peerless and unrival tragedienne and dramatic reader, Miss Henrietta Vinton Davis, will appear at the Walker Memorial Baptist Church, Madison street, between 14th and 15th streets n. w. Monday evening, September 26th in her entrancing exposition of histrionic art. Admission 25cents children 15cents.

Sweden's building at the World's Fair has been designed on the lines of the old Norse Stave churches, but with more solidity. The building is being constructed in Sweden and will be sent to Chicago in sections.

THIS MEANS LANGSTON'S DEFEAT.

MAHONE'S MANIFESTO—THE LITTLE CORPSEAL DECLARES AGAINST LANGSTON.

The following is the circular issued by General Mahone in defense of his position relative to nominations:

PETERSBURG, VA.,

September 9, 1892.

DEAR SIR:—It is my duty personally and as chairman of the party to say to you:

1. I am and have been opposed to Republican nominations for Congress in this and in all districts of the State, and for these reasons: In no other district but the Fourth was it possible for us to elect a Republican nominee, and in this district only in case the nominee was a person who had the respect and confidence of the people, and would be sure to enlist active, earnest effort to get out and poll the Republican vote for such candidate, and in that case I did not believe, and do not now, that the gain of a Congressman would compensate for the increase of the Democratic electoral vote—which the interposition of a Republican candidate would surely bring about—not only in arresting the flow from the Democratic ranks to the People's party and driving back to the support of the democratic ticket a large number of the masses, but would operate to arouse and bring out many Democrats who, not wanting to vote for Cleveland, would stay at home. Let all do their best to get out the Republican vote for our Republican electoral ticket.

2. No one is so anxious for a Republican nomination as the managers of the machine of Democracy, and it is an old and safe maxim—"never do what your adversary wants you to do."

3. If there ever was a time when it was wise to nominate a candidate for Congress in the Fourth District that time has surely passed. There is no time to arouse the Republican masses, and no man could fairly expect to get out and poll the Republican vote who could not put two or more active workers in the field in every precinct of every county in the district and have all the county chairmen in the saddle, and this would involve a serious outlay.

4. Let no Republican suppose that I either prompted or counseled the call of a convention. It was a blunder which is likely to bring upon the party consequences far beyond the disaster of defeat. The Pandora's box has been opened, and it will take an effort at the hands of the party in each county to avoid consequences that all will regret.

5. Now that the deed has been done, thoughtful Republicans who would advance our electoral ticket and desire the flowing disintegration now going on in the Democratic party to proceed, and would wish for an opportunity to get rid of the Anderson-McCormick Force bill, should see to it that delegations are sent to the Burkeville convention who will simply declare that the Republican party of the Fourth Congressional District forbears to nominate a Republican candidate for Congress, since there has not been, and cannot be, any free exercise of the franchise or honest election in this district and State under the guidance of the Anderson-McCormick Force bill.

Yours truly,

MAHONE.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

Seats for 125,000 people are to be provided in the great Manufactures building at the World's Fair for the dedication exercises on October 21.

The British building at the World's Fair will have among its decorations flags bearing the arms of the principal cities of the United Kingdom.

Building material dealers will make an exhibit at the World's Fair. They will also hold an international congress for the discussion of matters of interests to the building trade.

The women of La Salle county, Ill., are raising money for the purpose of paying the expenses of some 600 or 700 women and girls during a visit to the World's Fair.

The international chess tournament to be held at Chicago in connection with the World's Fair will distribute \$7,000 in prizes.

WEST WASHINGTON NOTES.

A very large number of the lady friends of the West End Vigilant Hall committee G. U. O. of O. F. met at the residence of Mr. John W. Lee on Thursday evening of last week and organized an auxiliary club No. 1 and the following were elected as officers: Mrs. Mary Hutchinson, president; Mrs. Mary Hunter, vice president; Mrs. Mary A. Watkins, treasurer; Mrs. Elizabeth Fisher, secretary; and Mrs. Eliza Chase, assistant secretary.

The delegates to the B. M. C. of the G. U. O. of O. F., and their friends will be entertained by the auxiliary clubs Nos. 1 and 2 of the Hall Committee during the session in a grand bazaar beginning October 3rd and will continue one week.

Messrs John Ellis and Willis Semple are here on a visit, spending a few weeks with friends.

The Lawn Party was a success.

The bazaar will be a success for further information see program.

PERSONALS.

Hon. J. C. Dancy of Wilmington, N. C., is in the city.

Miss Poole of Norfolk is visiting Miss Marie James of Pierce Place.

Miss Corine Gibson of Norfolk has returned to the city and is continuing her college course at Howard University.

Col James Lewis and wife of New Orleans, La., is stopping with T. S. Kelley.

Mrs. Walter Evans of Waterbury, Conn., is in the city, the guest of her mother, Mrs. A. Lucas 1808 L street n. w.

Prof. James H. Durham, the accomplished pianist and manager of Madame Jones' celebrated concert combination is in the city stopping at 1505 Marion st. n. w.

The young men of our city are making elaborate preparations to give a reception in honor of the many distinguished visitors in Washington.

Several weddings are to occur during the autumn and winter which of our society ladies are to take the lead?

The Fifteenth street Presbyterian church was crowded to its utmost capacity last Sunday morning to hear Rev. Grimke's discourse on the life and death of the poet Whitier. A large number of strangers were present.

Miss Katie Slade's engagement with the Justice Singers having expired, she has returned to her home looking well, and to again take up her school duties.

Mr. Wm. Norwood, brother of Dr. Norwood is in the city.

Miss Cohen of 16th street has returned home after a pleasant trip among friends in Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Reed of Boston are visiting Mrs. Bailey of O. St. between 16 and 17 streets.

Miss Carrie Campton of Philadelphia is stopping with Miss Florence Freeman of Pierce Place.

Madame Selka and Miss Lillie More of Baltimore are the guests of Mrs. Thomas of T street.

Miss Butler of Boston is visiting Mrs. Ruby and daughter, Miss Mabel.

Mrs. Wears of Philadelphia is visiting our city, and is the guest of Miss Rachel Lee of Capitol Hill.

Mrs. Judge Ruffin of Boston is in the city, and is stopping on 6th street near the University.

Mrs. Glover, daughter and son are the guests of Mrs. Minerva Bruce of 11th street.

Mrs. Stevens of Philadelphia is happily domiciled at Mr. and Mrs. William Cole's residence, Mt. Pleasant.

Col. Wm. Murrell of Jersey City N. J., editor of the Trumpet, and a delegate to the Grand Army encampment was in the city this week. Murrell made an impression in the encampment on Wednesday in discussing the Louisiana question which was settled for ever.

Mr. Herman Blunt, president of the Republican State League, and editor of the National Forecaster, of N. O. La., was in the city this week from whence he will attend the Press Convention in Philadelphia next Tuesday.

The colored militia marched well in the parades of Monday and Tuesday. They gave evidence of thorough drill.

CHOLERA IS HERE.

Several Cases in New York, and others Reported From the West.

The New York Board of Health, on Thursday, the 15th inst., made a report announcing the occurrence of four deaths from Asiatic cholera in that city. Other cases and deaths have since appeared. The cholera has also caused deaths at Northfield, Minn., and Empire, Nev. In the latter case, it is believed the case was carried in the baggage that came over with some imported French horses. The cases in New York are declared by the health physicians to be sporadic, and the statement is given out that there is no fear of an epidemic. An investigation shows, however, that in the case of the child Levinger, the disease was contracted from four young servant girls, who came on the steamer Friesland from Antwerp August 29th. The steamer was quarantined, and the passengers placed on Ellis Island for three days. The disease germs were evidently carried in the clothing of these girls. Antwerp is one of the infected ports of Europe. The health department is pursuing the same policy in regard to the cholera as was done when typhus fever was prevalent recently. The idea is to overwhelm and stamp out the disease in each house. It is stated that, since the cholera epidemic of 35 years ago, New York has expended \$1,250,000,000 in improving its sanitary condition, and an extensive cholera outbreak is regarded as impossible.

But one case of cholera has been officially recognized since the first announcement of the disease, that of Mary Connelly, an Irish servant girl, who was taken sick at 692 Second avenue and removed to the floating hospital.

The Board of Health is convinced that the cholera broke through the quarantine and probably came in baggage or clothing on vessels that had no cholera on board.

The servant girls were quarantined in hospitals, and all houses are quarantined where the disease has occurred.

Late reports place the number of cases in New York definitely at eight, one of which is doubtful. No new cases have broken out, and the Board of Health, while convinced that there may be a few sporadic cases both in the city and at other points, is satisfied that no general outbreak is to be feared. The quarantine has been made more stringent, and, as all pest ships that have left Europe are in quarantine, and no others are to be allowed to come, it is believed the danger of a cholera outbreak in this country is practically over.

Columbus Statue Corner Stone.

The Stars and Stripes and the flag of Italy were unfurled from the City Hall in New York Friday last in honor of the laying of the corner-stone of the pedestal that is to support the monument to Columbus to be erected by the Italian societies of that city. The ceremonies were preceded by a parade of 5,000 members of ninety-five societies, and followed by a fete champetre at the Empire City Coliseum which lasted far into the night. Mayor Grant wielded the trowel; addresses were delivered by Mr. Charles G. F. Wahle, Jr., Dr. Raffaele Asselta, Carlo Barsetti and Dr. Luigi Rossi; Archbishop Corrigan blessed the statue, and Bishop Potter pronounced the benediction. Altogether the affair was a success.

Mr. Cleveland's Letter of Acceptance. A well known New York Democrat who was at Gray Gables, Mass., last week, says that Mr. Cleveland has not yet written a line of his letter of acceptance. He has thought it all out, however, and told his visitor that it would be short, less than 2,000 words in length, and would discuss tariff reform as the great issue before the country, just as it was in 1888, while paying due attention to the Force bill. In other words, the letter of acceptance will follow the lines of the speech of acceptance made at Madison Square Garden in August. Mr. Cleveland also said that the letter would be given to the public between September 26 and 30.

Heathen Superstition.

The Yokohama papers which arrived at San Francisco contain a startling story from Japan. A young man in Bungo Province slew his wife in order to secure her liver with which to cure his mother's falling sickness. Some quack told him to try chicken liver for his mother's sickness, and when this failed suggested that he get a human liver, and declared the mother must eat it raw. He determined to sacrifice his child and told his wife the baby must die. She refused to permit the sacrifice, but offered herself instead, and helped him to strangle herself. Then the husband cut out her liver, but before he could use it his crime was discovered and he was arrested.

Judge Werts Nominated.

The Democracy of New Jersey at their State convention held in Trenton, on Wednesday, nominated Supreme Court Justice George T. Werts, of Morristown, for Governor.

The Presidential electors were then named: At large—Philip P. Baker, of Cumberland, and Millard F. Ross, of Middlesex. First district, Charles Mann, Camden; Second, Thomas J. Prickett, Burlington; Third, Joseph Desher, Middlesex; Fourth, Theodore Simonson, Essex; Fifth, James G. Morgan, Hudson; Sixth, Edward Balbach, Sussex; Seventh, Edward A. Stevens, Hoboken; Eighth, Martin P. Cook, Bayonne.

Mrs. Harrison's Illness.

A serious turn in Mrs. Harrison's illness is reported from Loon Lake. The President is constantly by her side, and has been advised of the gravity of the situation. Dr. Dougherty, a New York specialist, was summoned to assist the regular physicians. Mrs. Harrison's complaint has been pronounced pulmonary tuberculosis, aggravated by nervous prostration and sub-acute pleurisy. It was necessary twice to tap the right chest to relieve the effusion of water. The President's family make no effort to conceal their alarm.

AMUSEMENTS.

KERNAN'S LYCEUM THEATER.

Pennsylvania avenue and Eleventh street
Week Commencing Monday, September 26.

Helen Cortland's

Comedy and Burlesque Co

INTRODUCING

PROF. JOHN LORIS,

Champion Rifle and Pistol Shot.

BRIGHT BURLESQUE BEAUTIES

SUPERIOR SPECIALTY STARS

Next Week—Lester & Williams "Me and Jack"

A "FLYER, INDEED"

THE FASTEST SCHEDULED TRAIN IN

AMERICA RUNS FROM PHILADELPHIA

TO THE SEA VIA READING

ROYAL ROUTE.

That there is a streak of "sporting blood" in the veins of the most sedate among us is evidenced by the universal interest manifested in railway speeds and the delight with which the average man hails each successive triumph of the locomotive over the combined elements of time and distance.

The much-vaulted "Flying Scotchman" express train between London and Edinburgh, in Great Britain, is still regarded by many persons as the fastest regularly scheduled train in the world. This, however, is a mistake, the speed of the "Scotchman" having been exceeded by several railroads in this country, notably by the New York Central, whose "Empire State Express" between New York and Buffalo has, until within a few days, claimed the title of the fastest regular train in the world. This celebrated train runs from New York to Buffalo, a distance of 440 miles, in eight hours and forty minutes, which is at the rate of twenty-one seconds to each mile, or fifty and two-thirds miles per hour. Deducting all stops the average running time of this train is fifty-two and twelve one-hundredths miles per hour.

Now, however, comes a new claimant for high speed honors. It has been discovered that the Reading Railroad's 3:30 p. m. train from Philadelphia to Atlantic City, known as the "Seventy Minute Flyer," is a really the fastest regularly scheduled passenger train in the world. The distance from Chestnut street wharf to the Camden terminus of the railroad is about a mile and a half, and the ferry boat trip and transfer of the passengers from the boat to the cars occupies ten minutes. This leaves sixty minutes for the actual ride, and that is precisely the time allowed by the schedule to cover the fifty-five and a half miles which intervene between the Camden depot and the station at Atlantic City. A little figuring will show that this is a speed of sixty-five seconds to the mile, or the rate of fifty-five and a half miles per hour, beating the former record six seconds per mile and almost five miles per hour.

It should be understood that this refers to the speed of regularly scheduled trains over the entire length of their scheduled runs, and not to mere phenomenal bursts of speed or stretches of fast running to make up for lost time or delays. The rate of fifty-five and a half miles is exceeded every day on the Reading Railroad, and possibly on some other lines, but on no railroad in the world, so far as known, is there a train run from end to end of its route at so great an average speed as that of the "Seventy Minute Flyer."

When the latter was established it was not with the purpose of breaking a record, but the officials were confident of their ability to run a train safely and promptly in the specified time or less if required. It was determined, however, to limit the train to six cars to insure quickness. This was found to be impracticable, and for more than a week the train has been carrying eight cars, including one or more heavy Pullmans, and making schedule time every trip.

President McLeod can now congratulate himself that his road holds the "world's record" for the fastest mile (39.45 seconds, as timed August 27, 1891, by President McLeod, Mr. William Singmaster, of the Philadelphia Record, and others), and also has upon its time table the fastest regular train in the world.

COLUMBUS CELEBRATION.

Our Navy Was Not Represented in the Show at Pales.

The celebration of the embarkation of Columbus on his voyage of discovery, at Pales, Spain, was in progress all last week. Nearly every power except the United States was represented in a naval way. The cruiser Newark was at Cadiz, but could not reach Pales on account of drawing too much water. The gunboat Bennington, which had been ordered to Pales, failed to arrive. Much regret was expressed at the absence of the American flag.

The chief feature of the occasion was the naval parade, led by the caravel Santa Marie, built in imitation of Columbus' flagship. The vessel followed for some distance the route taken by Columbus 400 years ago, followed by the war vessels. Parades, illuminations and banquets followed.

A Mysterious Murder.

Andrew J. Borden, the millionaire mill owner of Fall River, Mass., and his aged wife were murdered in their home, and although there were other members of the family on the premises at the time, they heard no sound of the awful tragedy. The murderer escaped without leaving the slightest trail, although his clothing must have been covered with the blood of his victims. The skulls of both had been crushed in with an axe. No attempt had been made at robbery. Three men have been arrested on suspicion.

A Vanderbilt Trust.

It is a matter of gossip in commercial circles in New York that the Vanderbilt business will soon be removed uptown and conducted by a trust now being organized by H. Walter Webb, third vice-president of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad. It was said that the trust would have its offices on the first floor of the new eleven-story building, to cost \$225,000, to be erected by the Lincoln National Bank on the lot next its present property on West Forty-second street. It was also said that the capital would be \$6,000,000.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Louis Kossuth is 90 years old.
Jonathan Bass, the famous ossitic man, is dead.
The World's Fair has already cost nearly nine millions.
Fishback's (Dem.) majority for Governor of Arkansas is about 30,000.
Indications now are that the cotton crop will be the smallest since 1889.
The Havana board of health has decided to quarantine American vessels.
Minnie Merrick, a circus girl, was rescued from a lion's jaws at Winston, N. C.
The labor difficulties on the Reading railroad system have been amicably settled.
Thomas E. Walcott, of Cranston, R. I., recently paid \$10,000 for a salted silver mine.
The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has fumigated immigrant trains at Pittsburgh.
Chicago brewers have formed a \$8,000,000 combine to purchase local saloons.
Champion Corbett announces his desire to fight Charley Mitchell for his next victim.
The sale of World's Fair memorabilia will defray all the preliminary expenses of the Fair.
The German Empress has given birth to a daughter at Potsdam. Her other six children are boys.
The Paravall Indians, near Tacoma, five hundred in number, will sell their reservation for \$2,500,000.
The Bank of England has declared a dividend of 5 per cent, and raised the salaries of its principal officers.
Senator Hill has announced that he will speak at the big meeting to be held by the Brooklyn Democracy.
A fight between cowboys and Mexican cattle thieves took place near Presidio, Tex., the latter being driven off.
Bread riots are feared in Hamburg, where the cholera scare has thrown 40,000 workmen out of employment.
The sailing schooner Triumph reports at Victoria, B. C., the capture of four more vessels by a Russian cruiser.
Lewis Rhoads, at Phoenixville, Pa., was mangled by a bloodhound that he was attempting to tie in a kennel.
Ten of the ballot-box stuffers of Jersey City were placed in the State Prison to begin their fifteen months' sentence.
The Gladstone Privy Council in Dublin has revoked all the proclamations which were made under the coercion act.
The Nova Scotia fishing schooner Carver went down in a gale on the Grand Banks with her crew of nineteen men.
Her corsets saved the life of Mrs. Jerome, of Grand Island, Neb., whose clothing was slashed during a family row.
The Pennsylvania Board of Health has decided to establish 30 cholera inspection stations on the boundary lines of the State.
Receiver Bailey, of the Order of Iron Hall, entered suit at Indianapolis against Supreme Cashier Davis to recover \$50,000.
All the 8,000 coal miners in the river district near Pittsburgh have struck or the one-half-cent reduction made by the operators.
The government officials are considering the advisability of sending a naval vessel to Costa Rica to look after American interests.
It is stated that the deaths from cholera throughout Europe have been 350,000, at least, of which about 200,000 have been in Russia.
Isaac L. Borden, of Fall River, an uncle of Lizzy Borden, in an interview at Utica, said he believed his niece was guilty of the crimes.
The authorities of the Catholic Church of Illinois have issued a pastoral, urging voters to work for the repeal of the Edwards compulsory education law.
A mob at Cincinnati burned several car loads of rags that had been received by way of Hamburg, although they were shipped weeks before the cholera broke out at that place.
Forty whiskey manufacturers have combined in Philadelphia, with \$3,000,000 capital, and will erect a distillery with a capacity of 30,000 barrels a day, at Edlington, Pa.
The recent troubles between the two political parties of the Choctaw Indians have been settled. The twelve men who did the killing have surrendered themselves for trial.
Two brave young women of New York, Helen E. Hill and Alice P. Lyon, volunteered to nurse the cholera patients on Swinburne Island. They were both nurses in the Presbyterian Hospital.
It is feared that the steamer Carroll, Captain Brown, of the North Atlantic Steamship Line, plying between Halifax and Boston, has gone down with 100 passengers and a crew numbering forty.
The convention of the League of Republican Clubs opened at Buffalo on Thursday last, and was addressed by Governor McKinley and James S. Clarkson. Five hundred delegates were present.
Special telegrams to Bradstreet's from leading trade centers, show that thus far there has been little if any check experienced by general trade due to cholera scare or quarantine regulations, except at the metropolis.
The Iron Hall reorganization convention has concluded its labors at Indianapolis. A number of committees were appointed and it was resolved to bring, if possible, both criminal and civil suits against the late supreme officers.
Judge Rumsey, of the New York Supreme Court, has had his opinion affirmed, declaring the reapportionment unconstitutional. The case goes to the Court of Appeals, and if affirmed by that body, Gov. Flower will call an extra session of the legislature.
The President advised Chairman Hackett, of the New York State Republican Executive Committee, that owing to the condition of Mrs. Harrison's health, it would be impossible for him to make the tour contemplated through the northern and central parts of the State.